

# Cyber Security & Your Members

Effective Cybersecurity Tactics for the Private Club Industry

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### Overview



- 1. Cyber Awareness
- 2. Understanding Cyber Crime
- 3. Responsibility if a Breach Occurs
- 4. First Steps in your Cyber Journey

### About Us



#### **Trevor Coughlan**

- General Manager, ClubHouse Online
- Jonas Club Software

#### **Duane Laflotte**

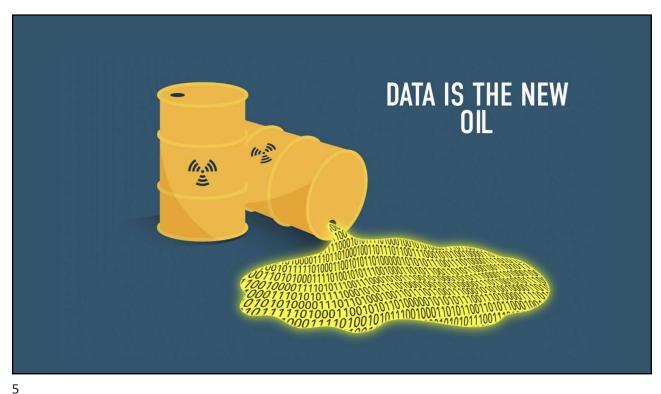
- CTO and Red Team Leader
- Pulsar Security

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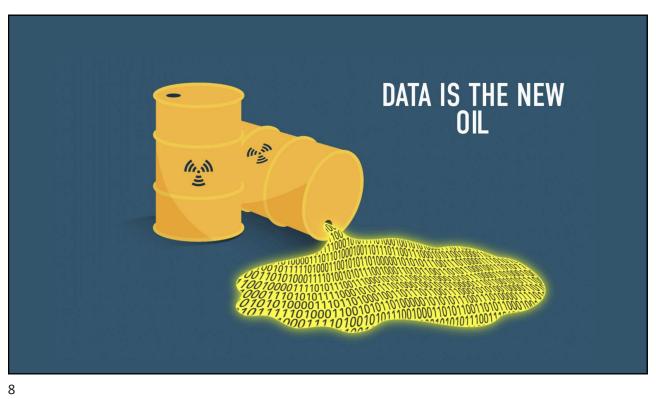
# Awareness

What are Criminals After and How Prevalent is Cybercrime?





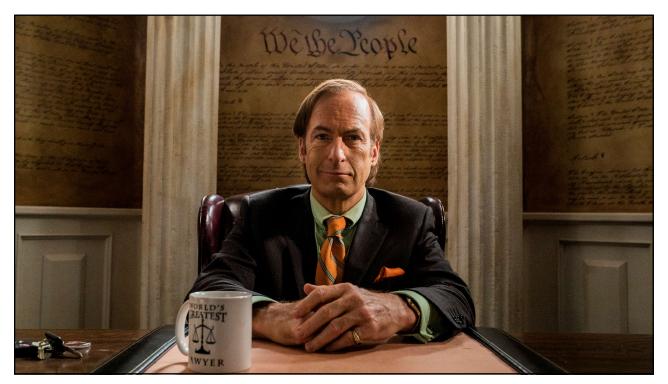


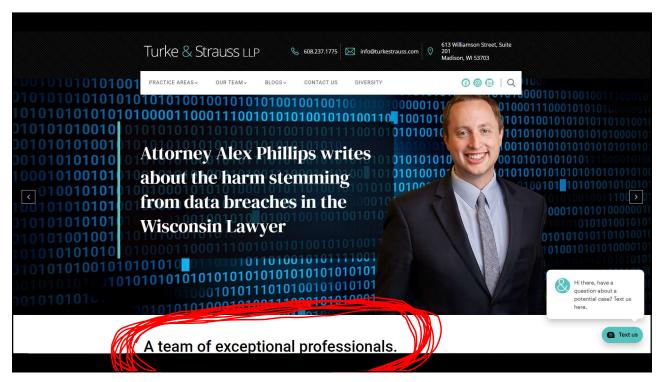












тсо	
	If you received a breach notification letter from
	We would like to speak with you about your rights and potential legal remedies in response to this data breach. Please fill out the form, below, or contact us at (608) 237-1775 or sam@turkestrauss.com.
	If you were impacted by data breach, you may consider taking the following steps to protect your personal information.
	Carefully review the breach notice and retain a copy;
	2. Enroll in any free credit monitoring services provided by
	3. Change passwords and security questions for online accounts;
	4. Regularly review account statements for signs of fraud or unauthorized activity;
	5. Monitor credit reports for signs of identity theft; and
	6. Contact a credit bureau(s) to request a temporary fraud alert.

# Why is Your Club a Target?



#### High net worth individuals

- President's, CEO's, Board Members
  - o People with high level access to large & important corporations
- Targeting your club may be more about gaining access to these organizations than it is about accessing your accounts
  - o The Country Club at WoodField
    - > Target of breach was sensitive data about members
    - > Hackers gained access to the system a month prior
    - > Club can be held legally liable

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### Why is Your Club a Target?



#### Lax security standards are prevalent throughout the industry

- Password123
- G0lf
- pr0sh0p!!
- Summer2022





### Data: What is Sensitive?





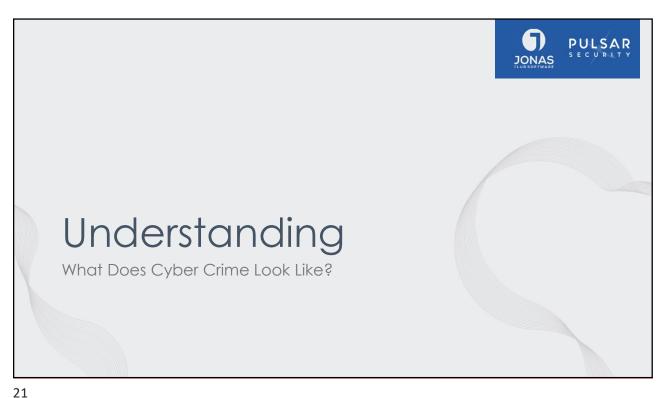


- Not just Credit Card Data
- The Joy of Regulations
  - o CCPA California Consumer Privacy Act
  - o GDPR General Data Protection Regulation
  - o Right to Delete, View, Request, and Restrict
- So what is Sensitive?
  - o Credit cards, phone numbers, addresses
  - o Spouse and kids names?
  - o Purchases at the club?
  - o Scheduled spa visit time?

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Protection against Cybercrime is about more than securing your club.

It's about safeguarding members.





#### APTs and You



#### Advanced Persistent Threats

- OSINT: Open Source Intelligence
- Dark Web: Who you are and what do we know
- Digital Recon: What do you have and what have you bought
  Supply Chain, Software, MSP, Partners

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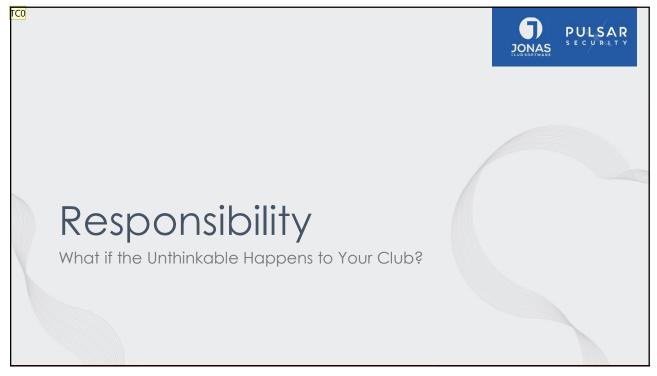
### Types of Attacks



#### What Should We Be Worried About?

- Everything! Seriously though...
  - o **IoT**: Fish Tanks, Cameras, Irrigation Systems, Thermostats, Wireless Speakers, Vacuums, TV
  - External Surface of attack: Website, Email, Some IoT, Cloud, Virtual Private Networks, Vendor Software
  - Internal Threats: End-Users (Phishing, USBs, etc.), Vendor Software, Servers,
    Clients, Mobile Devices





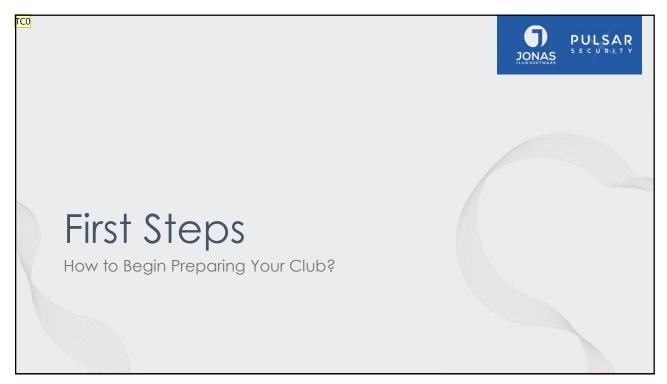
### Responsibility

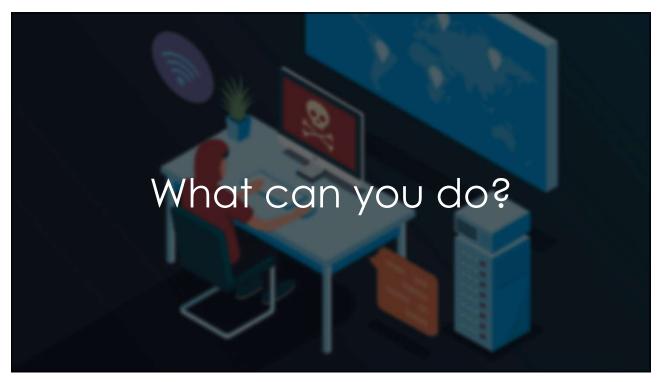


#### If the Unthinkable Happens

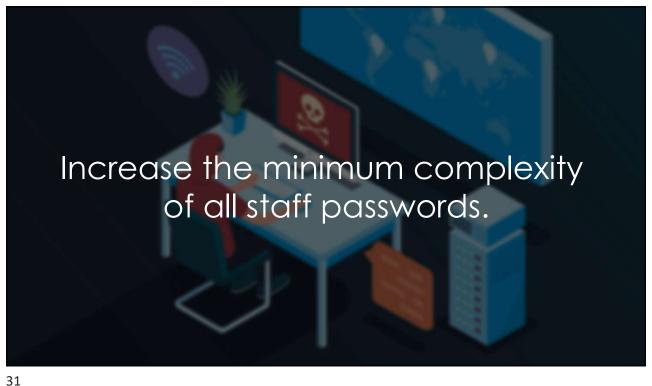
- Mitigate risk immediately; worry about blame later
- Determine what data was stolen or encrypted
  - o Who, if anyone, do you need to notify
  - What is the plan for recovery
  - o How quickly will you be back online and servicing your members
  - o What was the root cause? How do you prevent it from happening again?
- What can legally be said to members, the board, and employees

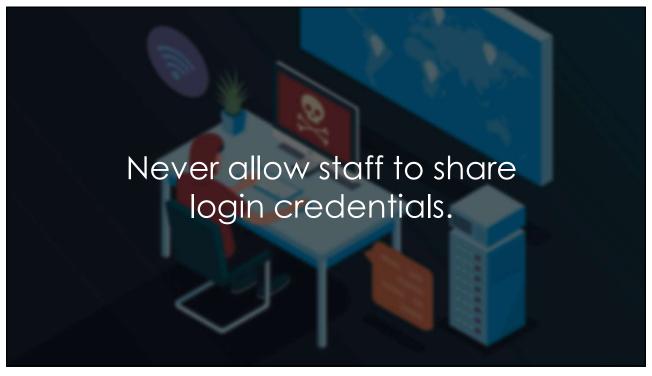
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TIME IT TAKES A HACKER TO BRUTE FORCE YOUR PASSWORD IN 2023					
Number of Characters	Numbers Only	Lowercase Letters	Upper and Lowercase Letters	Numbers, Upper and Lowercase Letters	Numbers, Uppe and Lowercase Letters, Symbo
4	Instantly	Instantly	Instantly	Instantly	Instantly
5	Instantly	Instantly	Instantly	Instantly	Instantly
6	Instantly	Instantly	Instantly	Instantly	Instantly
7	Instantly	Instantly	1 sec	2 secs	4 secs
8	Instantly	Instantly	28 secs	2 mins	5 mins
9	Instantly	3 secs	24 mins	2 hours	6 hours
10	Instantly	1 min	21 hours	5 days	2 weeks
11	Instantly	32 mins	1 month	10 months	3 years
12	1 sec	14 hours	6 years	53 years	226 years
13	5 secs	2 weeks	332 years	3k years	15k years
14	52 secs	1 year	17k years	202k years	1m years
15	9 mins	27 years	898k years	12m years	77m years
16	1 hour	713 years	46m years	779m years	5bn years
17	14 hours	18k years	2bn years	48bn years	380bn years
18	6 days	481k years	126bn years	2tn years	26tn years

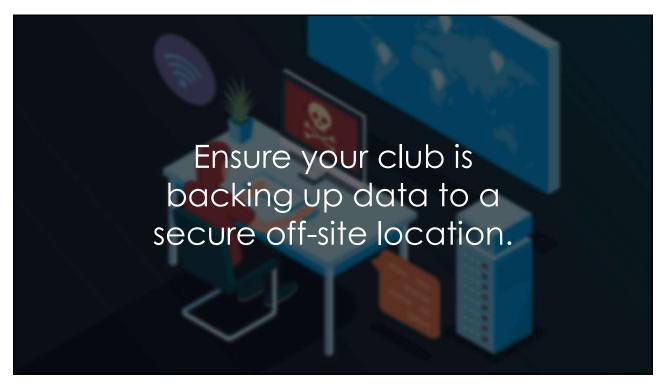






Up to 95% of all cyber security breaches occur due to human error.

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### Ask Your Supply Chain









- Do you perform external and internal penetration testing?
- Do you have procedures around who has access to our data?
- What is the lifecycle of our data?
- Backups? RPO/RTO?
- What is the process for reporting data breaches involving our club data?
- What are your security best practices for implementation that we should follow?
- Do you have internal processes and reviews of your vendors who may potentially have access to our data?

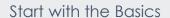




Work closely with your club's IT vendor to ensure your network infrastructure is as secure as possible.

# Security Checklist







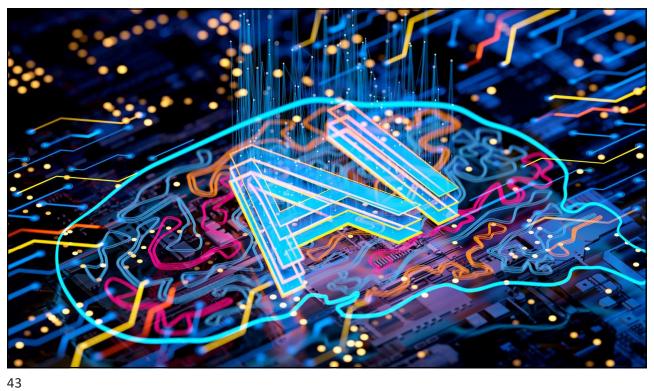
- ■Security Awareness Training
- □ Email Protection
- □Password Policies and Managers
- **□**Wireless Security
- □Clint/Server Antivirus and Patching
- □ Employee On and Off-boarding Processes
- ■External Review
- ■Backup and Recovery
- □Ensure Vendors aren't your Weakest Link

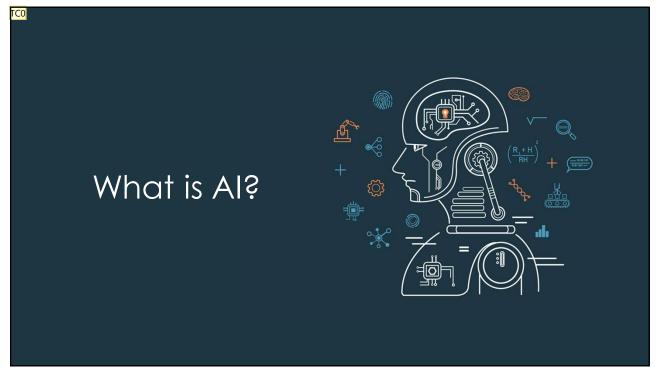
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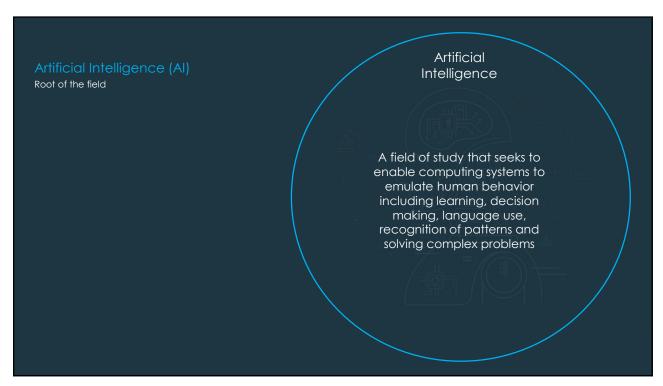


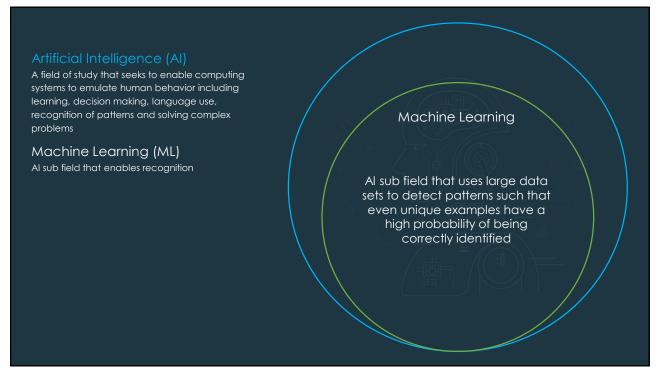


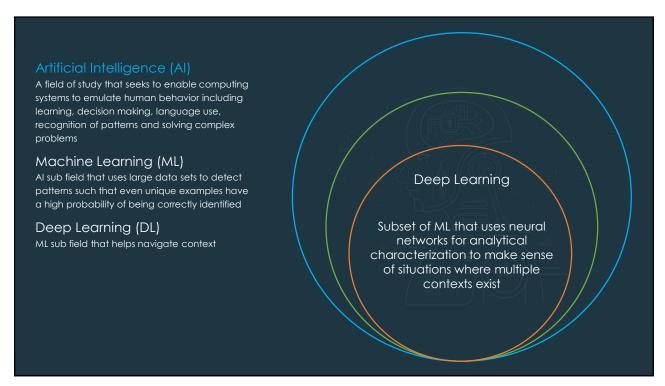


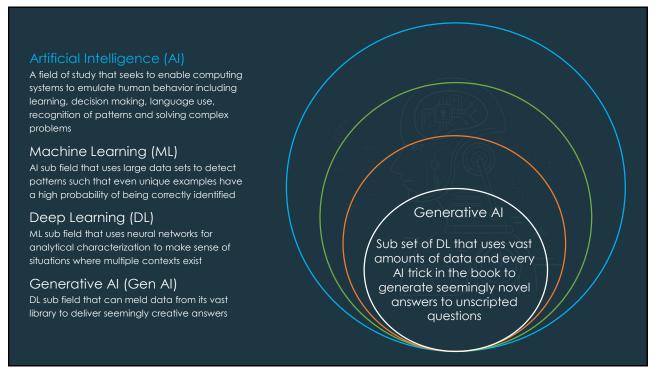












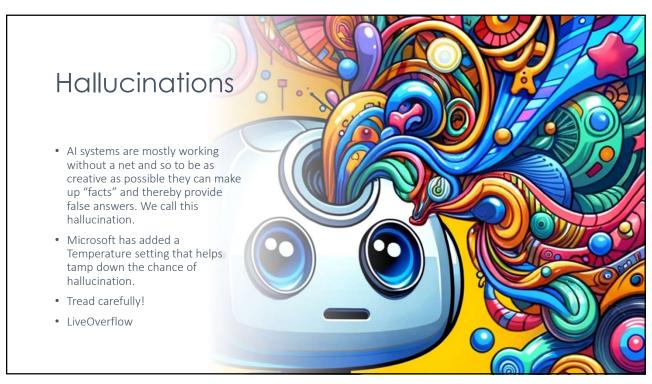


### Is AI smart and/or dangerous?



- The answer is complicated, but ultimately what we see today is good at making us believe it is smart which seems dangerous
- In all cases so far, the technologies we call AI are just really, really good at making us believe they are brilliantly smart
- The reality is that none of them know anything of the significance of what is asked of them, we are not at a point where any of them would be considered sentient
- They are only dangerous if we abuse them like any other tool, but we can expect plenty of people to abuse them



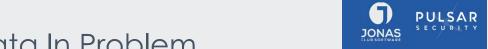




#### The Data Out Problem

- Users interacting with AI should NEVER:
  - Ask about proprietary ideas or methods since the maker of the Al system is a third party
  - Upload a document or other materials to an AI system that is not OK to share with the public
  - Reveal client data to an AI system they would not reveal to a random stranger
  - Think that it is impossible for the info they share with the AI to not be accessible in some way by a malicious third party (we don't know what vulnerabilities we will find in these system
  - Trust output from an AI system without verifying it, outside that AI system

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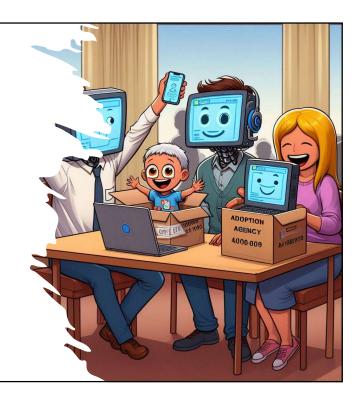
### The Data In Problem

- Users interacting with AI should NEVER:
  - Be allowed to access proprietary data indexed by the AI system that they would not normally be given access to via normal file system permissions
  - Credentials for AI systems are likely to be just as critical as banking and other high value system access. Protect them accordingly
  - Trust output from an AI system without verifying it, outside that AI system
  - Even if the answers are not factually wrong, they can be biased based on the data that trained the model. Do not blindly follow lest you regret it later.

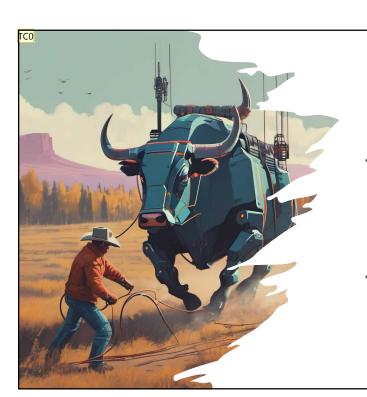
# Questions You **NEED TO ASK**

- · Every Software vendor is now adopting Al
- What should you ask:
  - Pseudonymization?
  - Where is your data?
  - · Who owns the data?
  - How is my data isolated?
  - Is my data used in any other customers training models?
  - What protections do they have in place to prevent certain data from being accessed?

(i.e. can anyone request how much the GM is paid or PII on a particular member )



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### Manage Al Use Before It's Too Late

- Staff must first receive approval from the Business Manager to evaluate the security of any Al tool. This includes reviewing the tool's security features, terms of service, and privacy policy. Employees must also check the reputation of the tool developer and any third-party services used by the tool.
- Employees must not upload or share any data that is confidential, proprietary, or protected by regulation without prior approval from their Business Unit Manager. This includes data related to customers, employees, or partners.



### Manage Al Use Before It's Too Late

- Any Al tool used by employees must meet our security and data protection standards.
- Employees must exercise discretion when sharing information publicly and comply with international regulations.
   Evaluate whether the information should be shared outside the company and whether it would be appropriate in a public context.

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